

SUPPLIER



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

GENERATED 03/15/2011, **REVISION** 11/29/2001, **DATE CREATED** 11/21/1990

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Neodymium oxide, powder and pieces

PRODUCT NAME: Neodymium oxide, powder and pieces

PRODUCT CODE: N-MSDS0009

REFERENCE #: 1313-97-9

MANUFACTURER INFORMATION

COMPANY NAME: Materion Advanced Chemicals Inc.

1316 W. St. Paul Avenue

Milwaukee, WI 53233

EMERGENCY CONTACT: CHEMTREC (800)424-9300

ALTERNATE EMERGENCY CONTACT: Materion Advanced Chemicals Inc. (414)289-9800

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Metal oxide

CAS NUMBER: 1313-97-9

FORMULA: Nd₂O₃

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 336.48

SYNONYMS

Neodymium oxide, neodymia

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/IDENTITY INFORMATION

Neodymium oxide, powder and pieces

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	Concentration	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits
Neodymium oxide	1313-97-9	0.0 -100.0 %	NE	NE	NE

SECTION III - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS**Neodymium oxide, powder and pieces**

<u>PHYSICAL STATES:</u>	[] Gas	[] Liquid	[X] Solid
<u>MELTING POINT:</u>	2270.00 C		
<u>BOILING POINT:</u>	4118.00 C		
<u>SPECIFIC GRAVITY (WATER = 1):</u>	7.24		
<u>VAPOR PRESSURE (VS. AIR OR MM HG):</u>			
<u>VAPOR DENSITY (VS. AIR = 1):</u>			
<u>EVAPORATION RATE (VS BUTYL ACETATE=1):</u>			
<u>SOLUBILITY IN WATER:</u>	insoluble		
<u>SOLUBILITY NOTES</u>			
<u>PERCENT VOLATILE:</u>	N.A.		
<u>APPEARANCE AND ODOR</u>			

Light blue powder and pieces, no odor.

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA**Neodymium oxide, powder and pieces**

<u>FLASH PT:</u>	N.A.	Method Used:	Not Applicable
<u>EXPLOSIVE LIMITS:</u>	LEL: NA	UEL:	NA
<u>EXTINGUISHING MEDIA</u>			

USE: Not applicable. Use suitable extinguishing media for surrounding materials and type of fire.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Firefighters must wear full face, self-contained breathing apparatus with full protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Fumes from fire are hazardous. Isolate runoff to prevent environmental pollution.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Neodymium oxide absorbs carbon dioxide from the air.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS

SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

Neodymium oxide, powder and pieces

STABILITY: Unstable [☐] Stable [☒]

CONDITIONS TO AVOID - INSTABILITY

None

INCOMPATIBILITY - MATERIALS TO AVOID

Strong acids

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS

None recorded.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will occur [☐] Will not occur [☒]

CONDITIONS TO AVOID - HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

None

SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Neodymium oxide, powder and pieces

HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC)

To the best of our knowledge the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of neodymium oxide have not been thoroughly investigated and recorded.

Neodymium is considered a rare earth metal. These metals are moderately to highly toxic. The symptoms of toxicity of the rare earth elements include writhing, ataxia, labored respiration, walking on the toes with arched back and sedation. The rare earth elements exhibit low toxicity by ingestion exposure. However, the intraperitoneal route is highly toxic while the subcutaneous route is poison to moderately toxic. The production of skin and lung granulomas after exposure to them requires extensive protection to prevent such exposure. (Sax, Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, eighth edition)

INHALATION:

Acute: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract and mucous membrane. Dusts may cause asthma attacks and lung damage such as lung granulomas. Large doses may cause writhing, loss of muscle coordination, labored respiration, sedation, hypotension and cardiovascular collapse.

Chronic: Prolonged or repeated inhalation may cause writhing, loss of muscle coordination, labored respiration, sedation, hypotension and cardiovascular collapse.

INGESTION:

Acute: May cause gastrointestinal irritation.

Chronic: May affect the coagulation rate of the blood.

SKIN:

Acute: May cause irritation, rashes and skin granulomas.

Chronic: May cause dermatitis, sensitivity to heat, itching and skin lesions.

EYE:

Acute: May cause irritation.

Chronic: No chronic health effects recorded.

TARGET ORGANS: May affect the respiratory system, blood and skin.

CARCINOGENICITY: NTP? No IARC Monographs? No OSHA Regulated? No

RECOMMENDED EXPOSURE LIMITS

See "Section II"

LD 50 / LC 50

ipr-rat LDLO: 800 mg/kg

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

INHALATION: May cause writhing, ataxia, labored respiration, walking on the toes with arched back and sedation.

INGESTION: May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal burning and cramp-like pain.

SKIN: May cause redness, itching and burning.

EYE: May cause redness, itching, burning and watering.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

Pre-existing respiratory disorders.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air; keep warm and quiet; give oxygen if breathing is difficult and seek medical attention.

INGESTION: Give 1-2 glasses of milk or water and induce vomiting; seek medical attention. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing; brush material off skin; wash affected area with mild soap and water; seek medical attention if irritation persists.

EYE: Flush eyes with lukewarm water, lifting upper and lower eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

SECTION VII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Neodymium oxide, powder and pieces

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Wear appropriate respiratory and protective equipment specified in section VIII-control measures. Isolate spill area and provide ventilation. Vacuum up spill using a high efficiency particulate absolute (HEPA) air filter and place in a closed container for proper disposal. Take care not to raise dust.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

HAZARD LABEL INFORMATION:

Store in cool, dry area Store in tightly sealed container Wash thoroughly after handling

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING

Neodymium oxide is hygroscopic, absorbs carbon dioxide from the air.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN STORING

Neodymium oxide is hygroscopic, absorbs carbon dioxide from the air. Store in a tightly sealed container, in a cool dry area.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

No data

SECTION VIII- CONTROL MEASURES

Neodymium oxide, powder and pieces

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SUMMARY - HAZARD LABEL INFORMATION:

NIOSH approved respirator Rubber gloves Safety goggles Clothes to prevent skin contact

RESPIRATORY EQUIPMENT (SPECIFY TYPE)

NIOSH - approved respirator

EYE PROTECTION

Safety goggles

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Rubber gloves

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

Protective gear suitable to prevent contamination

VENTILATION

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels.

WORK/HYGIENIC/MAINTENANCE PRACTICES

Implement engineering and work practice controls to reduce and maintain concentration of exposure at low levels. Use good housekeeping and sanitation practices. Do not use tobacco or food in work area. Wash thoroughly before eating and smoking. Do not blow dust off clothing or skin with compressed air.

SECTION IX - ADDITIONAL COMMENTS **Neodymium oxide, powder and pieces**

No data available.

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